

**The National Whig**  
FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 11, 1847.  
FOR PRESIDENT, IN  
1848,  
MAJOR GENERAL  
**ZACHARY TAYLOR,**  
OF LOUISIANA,  
THE HERO  
OF  
PALO ALTO, RESACA DE LA PALMA,  
MONTEREY,  
And Buena Vista.  
Subject to the decision of the Whig National  
Convention.

**OUR COURSE.**  
The National Whig, a paper published at Washington, for the express purpose of advocating the claims of General Taylor, and which bears his name at the head of its columns, has underneath it, "Subject to the decision of a Whig National Convention." We mention this as a strong case, because the paper was commenced for the sole object, apparently, of having the General made the Whig candidate.

We clip the above paragraph from that able Whig paper, the Boston Atlas of the 8th inst., for the purpose of correcting an error into which it has fallen.

The National Whig was not established for the express purpose of advocating the claims of General Taylor to the Presidency, or of having him made the Whig candidate. It was established for the express purpose of speaking the majority voice of the Whig party upon all great questions of public policy and of exposing without fear or favor the corruptions of the party in power. When we hoisted the Taylor flag, it was, because, from the best lights before us, we believed he was the choice of a large majority of the Whig party for the next Presidency, but in coming to this conclusion, we were bound as a good Whig to submit our judgment to the decision of the Whig party in Convention assembled, and we accordingly announced our responsibility to that body. But if, when we raised the Old Thunderer's banner, we were convinced he was the choice of a majority of the Whigs of the Union, even in the last six weeks have more than sustained us in our opinion and we sincerely believe that when the time comes for the Whig party to take party ground, it will find itself with one accord for Taylor. Was it not so with Clay in 1844? General Taylor, in our humble opinion, has no claims on the Presidency. No man in the United States has any. But the Presidency has claims upon Taylor, and Clay, and Webster, and McLean, and hundreds of other eminent Whigs. The People are the makers of their President, not the politicians. When we began our career, we believed the Whig People had decided in their hearts that Taylor should be the next President, and as we determined in the outset to endeavor to follow the Whig People, we raised the Taylor flag, subject to the decision of that people. The Atlas cannot point to a single passage in the National Whig since its commencement advocating the choice of General Taylor by the people for the next Presidency on the ground of his superiority to other Whigs upon whom the Presidency has claims. We have always treated the question as one at the disposition of the people, and we have only endeavored to show that they have made a good and a proper and a noble choice. We have constantly sought to develop by all the means within our reach, the character and principles of General Taylor, and we are now engaged in publishing his Memoirs, being satisfied, that the more intimately the country will come to know him, the more intensely will it love him as a man and as its Chief Magistrate.

From this central point we are enabled to see many things in the working of the public mind, and especially of the Whig public mind, which our contemporaries are excluded from seeing, and we can assure the Atlas, and all our brethren everywhere, that the Whig party are moving as a unit to rally under the flag of the Hero of the Mexican battle fields. It is like one vast army moving forward to the scene of operations, and one voice controls it and disposes it. In our opinion the feelings of men are over the consequences of the operations of their judgments—a theory, we know, in opposition to the common one on this point—and hence, we regard the public feeling in favor of Gen. Taylor as the mere echo of the popular judgment, that he is eminently fitted to preside over this free people. And we are persuaded too, that the materials upon which the public mind has made up that judgment in his favor are ample, are even more than sufficient. Gen. Taylor has presented himself before the world in some of the grandest characters of man.—It does not require an age for the exhibition of these characteristics. A day may suffice to show them.

They are the power to command, to lead masses of human beings to victory, to inspire confidence in those he commands, to plan and execute, to be merciful in war and to hate war, to write the history of his actions with the simplicity and purity of truth. What more is needed? All other things in this life follow the possession of these rare qualities. But, as we have already said, the People, the Whig people are to decide for us. We obey their voice. We believe that voice is for Taylor. We await the action of the Whig Convention to give form to that voice, and shall be guided accordingly. Mean-time, we hold that it requires no prophet to predict the result. Zachary Taylor will be President of the United States in 1849.

We return our thanks to the Philadelphia North American, the Pittsburg Commercial Journal, and the Washington National Intelligencer for inserting, according to our request, in their advertising columns, our advertisement respecting the Daily and Weekly Whig. Will the North American and the Journal be so good as to insert the N. B. of the advertisement also?

The authorities are putting a mixture of oil and tar upon the elms on the avenue to see if it will prevent the ascent of the insect which every year destroys the leaves of that tree. We fear it will do no good, because it is pretty well understood that the eggs of this ruinous insect are deposited by a winged insect upon the leaves, and are hatched in loco.

The Baltimore Sun thinks that Mr. Polk has fairly earned a summer vacation. We think he has clearly earned a vacation for the rest of his life from the Presidential office. At all events the people will grant it to him in 1848 whether he will or not.

The June number of Robin's Pennsylvania Law Journal is at hand. It is full of interesting matter. The index to the American Reporter is worth twice the price of the number.

The New York Courier's Washington Correspondent says that Upper California is a sine qua non in our negotiations for peace.

Aaron V. Brown, the present Democratic Governor of Tennessee who is trying to be governor again—which he will not be—admits that Mr. Polk let Santa Ana in, but excuses him by asserting that it was an error of the head, not of the heart. As it could not be an error of the latter, being that he is not in the possession of a heart at all, of course it must be the head that is in fault.

A Breeze correspondent of the New Orleans Bulletin is of opinion that the government will not permit General Taylor to make any forward movement, or do any thing else hereafter, except to mount guard in the Rio Grande country.

Zaneville flour is now shipped from New Orleans to Rio de Janeiro, and bids fair to rival the Gallego and Hazell brands.

The Tennessee volunteers on their arrival at Nashville were received with such a fury of joy, that nobody thought of programme of procession or any thing else.

The corner stone of an Odd Fellows' Hall was laid in Nashville on the 3d inst.

Copious rains in Louisiana the last week; in last month are announced as saving the coming crops.

The U. S. schooner Nautilus has left Norfolk to lay out buoys in the Delaware, and to survey south side of Long Island Sound.

William Lee, late teller in the Bank of South Carolina, died at Asheville, on the 30th ult., 70 years old.

Yachting is all the rage now in New York.

Mr. Webster told the people of Savannah, in his speech there, that the Massachusetts people must continue to be for their Southern friends, "keepers of ice and coolers of water."

SANTA ANA STOMED.—The N. O. La Patrie of the 2d inst. publishes a story to the effect that Santa Ana arrived in the city of Mexico and was assailed by the mob with hisses, stones, &c., for not redeeming his repeated promises to drive the invader out of the country. It was with difficulty that he escaped into the President's House, says the account. La Patrie says that the account came by way of Tampico from Mexico City to the 21st ult.

Mr. Clay has written a touching reply to a letter of condolence from Van Buren, Arkansas.

Gen. Marshall of Ky., is now in New Orleans. He defended the Rinconada Pass during the battle of Buena Vista.

LATE FROM LIBERIA.—The New Orleans Delta has letters from this interesting Colony—we shall say State next year—up to the 27th of March by the scho. Mary Wilkes which took out 12 emigrants last winter from New Orleans. Every thing was quiet in the colony. They were preparing to form a State and to declare their independence. The industry of the colonists has made the black soil of the African shore bloom with wholesome cereals. If the friends of negro liberty, with the Tappans at their head, had expended one-half the energy and money, they have thrown away in their foolish schemes of home abolition, in sending colored emigrants to Africa, there would now be a State with half a million of inhabitants on its coast, which would draw millions of free negroes to it and gradually and surely extirpate slavery in this country.

Rodrocksville P. O. in Pennsylvania has been changed to Monterey.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company have decided to continue the erection of their Road under the State charter fifty-five miles westwardly, following the route of the Potomac and Savage rivers, till it reaches near to Cheat river, which is within reach of the North Western Parkersburg Turnpike.

The army Medical Board in New York has passed the following Surgeons as qualified for staff appointments: Nicholas L. Campbell, N. Y.; Samuel L. Barbour, Ga.; George Edward Cooper, Pa.; Ebenezer Swift, Ohio; John S. Batten, Md.; Glover Perin, Ohio; P. G. Stuyvesant Ten Broeck, N. Y.; John Campbell, N. Y.; John E. Summers, Va.; Charles H. Smith, Va.; Washington M. Ryer, N. Y.

W. W. R. Hall, the Whig candidate for Congress in the 7th or McKay's District, in North Carolina, has put forth a powerful address to his constituents. If they refuse to elect him after reading it, they will show themselves a people having no respect to undebatable premises, sound reasoning, and conclusions that cannot be overthrown.

Francis Basler, who escaped from the jail of Wyoming, Pa., 22d January, 1845, under sentence of death for the murder of Robert Atkinson, has been apprehended at Buena Vista, Mexico. He was acting in the capacity of a teamster.

The Chicago Harbor and River Convention is going to be a grand affair, says the St. Louis Republican. Hope it will speak thunder in Mr. Polk's ears and the ears of those who hold with him in his war against the harbors and rivers.

Santa Fe. The St. Louis Republican has glowing accounts from Santa Fe. Our troops there are as lawless as Indians and our civil governors are carrying on the work of death among the rebels.

The 5th Illinois Regiment was mustered into service at Charleston.

Some 700 acres of North Carolina's reclaimed swamp lands recently sold at ten dollars an acre.

Col. Alex. McClung, the gallant soldier and honest civilian, is the Whig candidate for Congress in the Columbus district of Mississippi. He will rout his opponent W. S. Featherston, d. at every point!

Many of the Democrats are coming out boldly and huzzing loudly for the old hero, says the Columbus, Miss. Whig, and are determined upon having a ride with the Whigs. Come on, boys—there's plenty of room. Our's is the People's Omnibus, "Rough and Ready."

'Measures not men,' is the motto of the Democratic party. Washington Union.

Exactly, the Mexican war is one of your measures; but when you want men and generals to fight, you call upon the Whigs. Scioto Gazette.

The next question to be debated by the Farmers' Club is, says the New Orleans Delta—'Can good bread be raised by wind, if the wind be east?' The Club need not waste their wind upon such a question. Positively shocking, isn't it?

Mr. Sawyer, of Ohio, late M. C., and one of his neighbors have lost their sons, aged about 12 years. The little fellows had been out at last days five days and still no tidings of them. Upwards of 1000 persons were scouring the country for them. Oh, the grief to those parents!

Captain Flowery, convicted of being connected with the African slave trade, and confined in Salem, Mass., has been pardoned by Mr. Polk. Why?

The Rome flouring mills, N. Y., have been destroyed by fire.

James Freeman, an old man of 80, was killed yesterday in Baltimore by being run over by the Philadelphia freight cars.

One of the Sisters of Charity died yesterday in Baltimore of ship fever.

One of the constables of Columbia, S. C., has been suspended from office for shooting at and wounding a negro trying to escape from him.

The New Orleans Bulletin tells us that the election of a District Judge in Mississippi was recently decided by the excitement that arose on the subject of the contested will of a deceased person. This is transferring the decision upon legal cases almost directly to the people and making them the real judges of the disputes between themselves.

C. M. Conrad, late Senator, is spoken of as the Whig candidate for the 2nd District in Louisiana.

Messrs. Green & Co. have established a Type Foundry in New Orleans—the first that has yet made its appearance in that city, to the great rejoicing of printers.

They have just erected a splendid flouring mill in New Orleans, in the heart of the city, and driven by steam. The Orleans' can now have sweet flour all summer.

If unanimity at public meetings, and hundreds of them at that, be any sign that the S. Carolinians intend to build a railroad from Camden to Charlotte, the road will be triumphantly carried through.

Mr. Glennie, a Presbyter of Waccamaed, S. Carolina, writes to the Bishop of Oxford, that the religious instruction of the negro slaves in that State is daily and rapidly spreading, that the slave is taught to read, that the Bible is placed in his hands, that not only are the Episcopalian active in this work, but the Presbyterians also.

The city authorities of Baltimore have reduced the city taxes from 70 cents to 69 cents on the hundred dollars. Small favors, &c.

In spite of the war the Mexican Congress has found time to erect a new State out of the States of Mexico, Puebla and Michoacan, to be called Guerrero, with Acapulco for its capital.

An editor out West thinks the story of Tantalus being physically thirsty, while water was always flowing up to, though not reaching his lips, is all moonshine. He supposes that that worthy was a politician—an arrant office seeker, always wanting—never getting office, and that after old Charon had ferried him to Hades, he applied for office to the shades of the departed, and wanted to administer to their estates.

The Old School Presbyterian Assembly recently convened at Richmond, recommends a season of general humiliation before Almighty God, and of confession of sins and of prayer for their forgiveness through the merits of the ever blessed Saviour, and for the restoration of peace to our Republican land. To all which from our inmost soul, we respond, Amen!

One-tenth of the population of Paris are paupers.

Mr. Holmes of South Carolina, in his speech last winter, upon the Lieut. General bill, tho't there never would be another Presidential election—evidently intimating that the People were so corrupt as to suffer the government to be overturned. We should like to know what he thinks upon this question now?

We regret to hear that Mr. Hall's limited means prevents him from canvassing McKay's District, we hope he will avow himself for Old Zach out and out. If he does he will leave the Chancellor out of sight.

General Taylor is the Lacon of the age, as well as its greatest captain. Hear him announce the result of the battle of Buena Vista. "Santa Ana with 20,000 men has given us battle, and we have maintained our position."

The two great parties in New York will share between them about equally the judicial offices of the State.

The editor of the Griffin, Ga., Whig, ran up Mr. Clay's name, some weeks ago, at the mast head of his paper, but in his number of the 4th inst., he hauled it down and hoisted General Taylor's in its place. He says, that he has done so, because he has ascertained that Mr. Clay will, under no circumstances, consent to take the field again, and because the people are resolved to make the Hero of Buena Vista their next President.

The Montgomery (Ala.) Journal comes to us. It is a capital sheet, and edited with point and spirit. Send us the Daily friends Bates & Hooper.

SONNET.

By E. T. TUCKERMAN.  
What though the dream is broken? Yet again  
Like a familiar angel it shall bear  
Consoling treasures for these days of pain,  
Such as they only who have grieved can share;

As unshaken nesters for the bee to sip,  
Larks in each flower-cell which the Spring time brings  
As mute rears upon the quiet lip,  
And pines to soar yet lives in folded wings—

So let your love on which your spirits glide  
Flow deep and strong beneath its bridge of sighs,  
No shadow resting on the latent tide  
Whose heavenward current baffles human eyes.

Until ye stand upon the holy shore  
And realms it prophesied, at length explore.

The Markets.

St. Louis, June 3.—Tobacco \$1 to \$6. Hemp 70 to \$75, no water written in market. Lead \$3.50 receipts heavy. Flour \$6 to \$6.75, receipts 7000 bbls for week previous. Sales of 38,000 bush of corn at \$1 to 60c. Potatoes 60c a bushel. Bacon 4 to 7 1/2c.

Nashville, June 4.—Four feet water on the shoals. Cotton 8 to 9c; tobacco \$1 39 to \$4 20; Bacon 6 to 7 1/2c.

TOLDO, Ohio, 8th June.—Received by canal 14,559 bushels wheat—15,597 bushels Corn for two days. Sales of wheat at \$1 30, and of corn at 51c.

CINCINNATI, June 7.—Flour broke at \$6 35 to \$6 55. Bacon sides 7 1/2c, sales. Whiskey 32c. Oats 39c, sales. Wheat \$1 05c. River has risen 8 inches.

LAVAYETTE, La., June 1.—Wabash rising rapidly. Now ten feet above low water. Heavy rains to the North. Wheat \$1 per bushel. Corn 35c. Warehouses full. Freight to Toledo high—14 to 17c. for corn, 20c. for wheat, and 70c. for flour.

NEW ORLEANS, June 2.—Heavy receipts of flour, sales of 5000 bbls at \$6 75 to \$7 25. Of corn 35,000 bushels were taken at 65 to 80 cts. Sales of 45,000 bushels of wheat at \$1 45 to \$1 47, prime article. Whiskey 32c. to 35c. Cotton heavy. A brig taken for Cork at 21d a bushel for corn.

BALTIMORE, June 10.—U. S. Treasury 6's closed today at 105 1/2 bid. Maryland 6's closed, 91 1/2 bid. Baltimore 6's, of 1890, 101 1/2 bid. Baltimore and Ohio Railroad shares, 48 1/2 bid. Large sales of each.

PITTSBURGH, June 10 P. M.—Hot day, five feet water in channel. Yellow corn 46c; oats 33c; receipts of flour large.

NEW YORK, June 10, 6 P. M.—Briek demand for flour. Sales 30,000 bbls. at \$6.62 to \$6.87. Sales for delivery in July at \$6.31. Sales of Indiana corn meal 6000 bbls at \$5.62. Sales of 40,000 bush of Indian corn at 110 to 120 cents. Sales of 5,000 bushels of wheat at \$2.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—The members of Crystal Fountain Division No. 3 are hereby notified that the Division will meet on Monday evening, the 14th instant, at 8 o'clock, in the new room, in the Temperance Hall on E street, every Monday evening thereafter. The members are earnestly solicited to attend, with all Sons of Temperance in good standing in their several Divisions. The room is fitted up with neatness and elegance, and will afford to the brethren of the order a happy resort to spend an hour to their profit, and the good of the great Temperance cause.  
June 12—T. G. FORD, W. P.

FOR RENT.—The dwelling over the store occupied by Mrs. Hamilton, on Pennsylvania avenue, south side, between Ninth and Tenth streets, containing seven fine sized rooms, and in good order. To a small family the rent will be moderate. Inquire of Mrs. HAMILTON.  
June 11—18

BOARDING.—MRS. J. R. TAYLOR has several elegant rooms, some of them suitable for families. Gentlemen wishing board without lodging, can be accommodated. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. Residence corner Penn. avenue and C street, over Lemuel J. Middleton's Grocery Store.  
June 11—18

**TO INVENTORS.**  
**PATENT AGENCY**  
AT  
**Washington City, D. C.**  
BY  
**WILLIAM P. ELLIOT,**  
FORMERLY OF THE PATENT  
OFFICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER, for more than twenty years connected with the Patent Office, and for many years official Surveyor of the City of Washington, having relinquished all business connected with his Architectural, Engineering, and Surveying departments, in order to devote his whole time and attention to the service of Inventors, Patentees, and persons interested in Patents, and to establish a permanent Agency at the Seat of Government for the use and benefit of that important class of the community, offers his services to all persons desiring to make inquiries respecting the originality of Inventions and Discoveries, and the practice of obtaining Patents in the United States, and relating to all kinds of business required to be transacted at the Patent Office: such as making searches, and preparing papers and drawings for applicants for Patents; Caveats, Assignments, Agreements; amending Rejected Claims, and presenting them for re-examination; attending to Appeals Cases, Interfering Applications, and drawing up papers relating thereto, and to taking evidence respecting the originality of Inventions. He will also attend to making out petitions for the re-issue, renewal, extension, and restoration of lost Patents; apply for Withdrawals, and for Patents for Additional Improvements and Designs; make Disclaimers, and procure copies of Patents, Decrees, Drawings, &c., and have them recorded. He will also superintend Commissions for taking testimony relating to Patents, to be used in the United States Courts in the several States. He will likewise attend to the drawing of Bills in Equity, in case of Appeal, and attend to the cases at court; to giving opinions on the legality of Patents granted, and legal opinions on all other points touching Patent cases; to furnishing copies of decisions on points of law relating thereto; to explaining the practice of our courts in deciding Patent cases; and to all business of a legal character relating to Patents. In the discharge of the above named duties, the subscriber will be assisted by gentlemen of the highest legal attainments, and by artists of the first eminence. The subscriber having (during a tour through Europe) made arrangements with able and responsible Agents in LONDON and PARIS, will attend to the procuring of Patents in ENGLAND and FRANCE, and will explain the practice of procuring patents in other Foreign Countries.

The undersigned offers his services to Agents and Applicants for Patents residing out of Washington, whose cases may have been rejected at the Patent Office, on account of defective claims, or the misapprehension of the Examiners, arising from obscure descriptions. In such cases he will make the required examinations and personal applications, and necessary amendments to the papers. His long experience in this branch of the business will enable him to give satisfaction. When it is known that many of the rejected claims might be carried through the office successfully, if properly presented and explained, the importance of this branch of the Agency will be duly appreciated.

The subscriber will also attend to procuring Monuments required to be made from drawings or written descriptions. Also to having drawings done in Lithography. His terms will be according to the nature and extent of the services to be performed. The usual retaining fee, however, of five dollars, will generally be expected in advance. The charges for making an examination will be about five dollars.

The other charges for the simplest cases will be as follows:  
For preparing papers—viz: Petitions, specification, and oaths \$5 00  
For preparing original drawings 5 00  
Do. duplicate 5 00  
For Agency fee 5 00

For complex cases the charges will vary from \$20 to \$100.

For integrity of character, persons unacquainted with the undersigned are respectfully referred to members and ex-members of Congress who have resided in Washington; and for qualifications he refers to his own works, (one of which is the design of the building in which the Patent Office is arranged,) and to the annexed testimonial of an individual well known to the whole country, and to whom, more than any one else, it is indebted for the present splendid establishment, and excellent code of laws relating to Patents, that reflect so much credit on his name.

Testimonial of the Hon. H. L. ELLSWORTH,  
Late Commissioner of Patents.

PATENT OFFICE, February 15, 1842.  
Mr. WILLIAM P. ELLIOT, who has been formerly employed in the Patent Office as Draughtsman, &c., having established a Patent Agency in the City of Washington, I take great pleasure in recommending him as a gentleman worthy of confidence, and as being particularly qualified to take charge of any business requiring a knowledge of Mechanical Science, Progress of the Arts, and Patent Improvements. Mr. Elliot is also well acquainted with the practice of this Office.  
HENRY L. ELLSWORTH.

Office directly opposite the Patent Office, corner of F and Eighth streets.  
All Letters on business must be POST PAID.  
W. P. ELLIOT,  
June 11—18  
Solicitor for Patents.

CARD.

R. FINLEY HUNT, DENTIST, Washington City, Penn. av. between 9th and 10th st. June 11

CARD.

COLUMBUS O. WALL, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker, corner of 6th and G streets. June 11

DAVIS & GARRETT,

HOUSE CARPENTERS and JOINERS, On 4th STREET, BETWEEN PENN. AVE. AND C ST. WOULD respectfully beg leave to return their thanks to their friends and the public who so promptly came forward with their donations and enabled them to rebuild their shop which was destroyed by fire a few months since with all its contents. They are now prepared to execute all orders in their line of business with promptness and despatch, pledging themselves that all work confided to their trust shall be performed in a manner that will give entire satisfaction, and their prices keep pace with the times. N. B.—Thankful for past favors, we would respectfully solicit a continuance of the public patronage.  
DAVIS & GARRETT.  
June 11—18

BOARDING.

Mrs. PIERCE has the pleasure of informing her friends and the public that her house having been refurnished throughout, is now open for the accommodation of boarders by the week, month, or year. Her table will be furnished with the best market affords; her house is situated on Pennsylvania avenue, a few steps from that delightful retreat the Capitol grounds. No pains will be spared to make her house a pleasant home to those who may favor her with their patronage.  
June 9—18

**MAY REPORT.**—The Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company (Office No. 11 Wall street, New York) issued during the month of May, 1847, 148 new Policies, viz:

To Merchants & Trades	44	To Teachers	5
Clerks	10	Ladies	6
Manufacturers	15	Agents	3
Mechanics	17	Farmers	5
Physicians	7	Sea Captains	4
Clergymen	3	Students	3
Lawyers	4	Public officers	2
Brokers	2	Professors	1
Innkeepers	3	Other Occupations	12

104 38  
104 104

Number of policies issued in May 148

ROB. L. PATTERSON, President.  
BENJ. G. MILLER, Secretary.  
J. C. LEWIS, Agent, 7th st., Washington.  
HARVEY LINDSEY, Physician, corner of C and 4th streets.  
June 7—2aw4t

**\$1 50 BECK'S \$1 50**  
**DAGUERRETYPE ROOMS,**  
Removed to the corner of 7th street and Penn. avenue, over Stoll's Drug Store.  
ACCURATE and highly finished Portraits for \$1 50, Groups in proportion.  
A POST MORTEM cases attended to with promptitude and certain success at a reasonable advance. A share of the public patronage is most respectfully solicited.  
June 1 if  
J. H. B. BECK.

**GREAT BARGAINS:**  
JUST FROM THE MANUFACTURERS—  
A large supply of gentlemen's fine Summer  
Boots, from \$2 to \$3 50.  
Ladies' Fine Slippers, from 50 cts to \$1.  
ALSO,  
As large an assortment as can be found in any other store in the city of  
Ladies', and Gentlemen's, Minnie, Children's, and  
Boys' Boots, Gaiters, Boots, and Shoes  
of every description,  
As cheap for cash as they can be had in the city,  
at the  
**PHILADELPHIA SHOE STORE,**  
Corner of F and 11th streets, South's row.  
J. E. FOWLER.  
may 31 1m

**BON TON HOUSE,**  
**BON TON BOWLING SALOON,**  
Corner of Pennsylvania and New Jersey Avenues, Capital Hill.

JAMES CASPARIS has the honor of informing his friends and the public generally, that his House and Saloon continue open for the accommodation of visitors who desire to while away a pleasant hour in healthful exercise. He keeps on hand the best liquors, and is ready to furnish at a moment's notice all the fashionable beverage of the day. His Reading-room is supplied with all the papers of the city and District. Gentlemen visiting the Capitol grounds are requested to give him a call. Just received, a large lot of the best imported SEAGARS.  
may 31 1m

**"ROUGH AND READY" PATENTS.**  
A few more left, at fifty cents a pair.

Also, running off at auction prices, a good assortment of SUMMER CLOTH, Tweed and Linen Coats, Satin, Silk, and White Marcelline Vests; Cambric, Linen, and Cambric Pants; with Shirts, Suspenders, Drawers, Handkerchiefs, and a variety of Family Goods.  
WM. H. LEWIS,  
Penn. avenue, near 11th street.  
may 29 1w

**ADAMS & CO.'S EXPRESS.**

REMOVAL.

ADAMS & CO. take this method of informing the public, that they have removed their OFFICE from their former place of Business, Elliott's Buildings, to the large and convenient Store-room, three doors below Gayles' Hotel, Penn. avenue, and a few doors below the Railroad Depot, where they are now more fully prepared to receive and forward all descriptions of packages to the following places:  
Boston, Richmond, Cincinnati,  
New York, Petersburg, Louisville,  
Philadelphia, Pittsburg, St. Louis,  
Baltimore, Wheeling, &c. &c. &c.  
Adams & Co. will also forward specie and other valuables, and Collect Drafts, Notes, &c., on all the above places at reasonable rates.  
G. S. McELFRESH,  
may 27—eo2m Agent.

**HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS,**  
AND WARDROBE ARTICLES.

**Gentlemen's Outfitting Store.**  
M. H. STEVENS, Brown's Hotel, calls the attention of his customers, citizens, and strangers, to the large and elegant assortment of—  
Long-napped Oregon Beaver Hats  
Dab and blue gossamer Summer Hats  
Black lustrous Mole skin Hats  
Do. gossamer and ventilated Cambric Hats.  
Also, a small assortment of fine Panama, Manila, Straw and Leghorn Hats.  
Military and Naval Chapeaux and Undress Caps for the Army and Navy, for every grade of the service, on hand, or made to order.  
Wardrobe Articles.  
Shirts, Drawers, Gloves, Robes de Chambre, &c.  
All of which will be sold at reasonable prices.  
M. H. STEVENS,  
(Late Fish & Co.)  
may 22 10tifo

**JOHN CONNELLY,**  
CABINET, CHAIR, AND SOFA MANUFACTURER AND UNDERTAKER.

THE subscriber begs leave to return his thanks to his friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage which they have bestowed on him, and would respectfully inform them that he has on hand a general assortment of Cabinet Furniture, which he will sell very cheap for cash, or approved paper. He is constantly manufacturing all kinds of Furniture of the latest style and most approved pattern; such as—  
Mahogany dressing Bureaus  
" spring seat Sofas  
" rocking and parlor Chairs  
" card, centre, and dining Tables  
" Wardrobes  
" Bedsteads  
And, in fact, every thing usually found in a cabinet ware room.

Undertaking.  
He is also prepared to attend funerals at the shortest notice and on the most liberal terms; and he is confident that from his long experience in attending funerals, that he will give entire satisfaction to those who may favor him with their patronage.  
JOHN CONNELLY,  
7th street, between H and I.  
may 20 1y

**CIRCULARS, &c., &c.**  
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